## Math 302 Worksheet 10

You may have noticed a pair of groups which seem to be structurally the same, even if they aren't identical.

**Definition.** An isomorphism  $\phi$  from a group G to a group  $\bar{G}$  is a one-to-one mapping from G onto  $\bar{G}$  that preserves the group operation, meaning that  $\phi(ab) = \phi(a)\phi(b)$  for all  $a, b \in G$ .

If there is an isomorphism from G onto  $\bar{G}$ , we say that G and  $\bar{G}$  are isomorphic and write  $G \approx \bar{G}$ .

- 1. Let G be a cyclic group of order 12 with generator a. Prove that G is isomorphic to  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$ . To do this,
  - a) Define a function from G to  $\mathbb{Z}_{12}$ .
  - b) Prove that  $\phi$  is one-to-one by assuming that  $\phi(a) = \phi(b)$  and proving that a = b.
  - c) Prove that  $\phi$  is onto; that is, for any  $\bar{g} \in \mathbb{Z}_{12}$ , find an element  $g \in G$  such that  $\phi(g) = \bar{g}$ .
  - d) Prove that  $\phi$  is operation-preserving; that is, show that  $\phi(ab) = \phi(a)\phi(b)$  for all  $a, b \in G$ .
- 2. Find an isomorphism from the group of integers under addition to the group of even integers under addition.
- 3. Show that U(8) is isomorphic to U(12). Is U(8) isomorphic to U(10)? If not, find a group that is isomorphic to U(10).
- 4. Let  $\phi$  be an isomorphism from a group G to a group  $\overline{G}$ . Prove
  - a)  $\phi$  carries the identity of G to the identity of  $\overline{G}$ .
  - b) For every integer n and for every group element a in G,  $\phi(a^n) = [\phi(a)]^n$ .
  - c)  $|a| = |\phi(a)|$  for all  $a \in G$ .
- 5. Prove that isomorphism is a transitive relation on the set of all groups. That is, show that if G, H, and K are groups such that  $G \approx H$  and  $H \approx K$ , then  $G \approx K$ .
- 6. Prove that  $S_4$  is not isomorphic to  $D_{12}$ . (HINT: Consider orders of elements.)